## Tht Tropfter 6 6hu

Session 23: "Calculating the Next Jubilee":
Start Date: December 8, 2020 @ 10 AM (PDT)

- The Fifth Key to Unlock Bible Prophecy


The Sabbatical years and Jubilees

To determine the future Jubilee, we first need to clearly identify a Jubilee from the past. We have done this. There are five proofs to show that 27-28 AD was the Jubilee Year, in which Yahshua Died:

What event in Scripture can be used as an anchor point for determining the Jubilee years? The year of Yahshua's Crucifixion - 27-28 AD

- EVIDENCE \#1: DANIEL 9:24-27 - Daniel's 70 Week prophecy foretells the arrival of Messiah, the duration of His Ministry and the timing of His Death (Daniel 9:24-27). This prophecy confirms Yahshua's Ministry being exactly 490 days from His baptism (from baptism by
 water to the outpouring of the Spirit at Pentecost). Since Yahshua's baptism was in 27 AD, 28
$\qquad$ AD was the year of His Crucifixion, showing that 27-28 AD was the Jubilee.
- EVIDENCE \#2: JOSEPHUS'

TESTIMONY - Josephus is a famous Jewish historian from the $1^{\text {st }}$ Century AD. His writings are in Hebrew, but have been translated. According to William Whiston's footnotes to Josephus, 25-24 B.C. was a Sabbatical year, and 24-23 B.C. was a Jubilee year. Using this date from Josephus, we can add 50 years to this

Jubilee date. This would mean that 26-27 A.D. was a Sabbatical year, and 27-28 A.D. was a Jubilee year. This is a second confirmation that 27-28 was indeed the Jubilee year in which Messiah died.

- EVIDENCE \#3: ISAIAH 61 \& YAHSHUA'S TESTIMONY - According to the prophecies of Isaiah 61 (a Jubilee prophecy chapter), Yahshua's Death needed to take place in a Jubilee year. Notably, the only recorded Jubilee which took place near 27 AD (the confirmed year of Yahshua's baptism) is the Jubilee year of 27-28 AD. If Yahshua had died in any other year, He would not have fulfilled Isaiah 61s Jubilee prophecy with His death. But Yahshua read from Isaiah 61 in the Synagogue (Luke 4:14-21). He then testified, "this day is this fulfilled in your ears." From the Saviour's Testimony, we may know that 27-28 AD was the Jubilee.
- EVIDENCE \#4: AGE OF THE PASSOVER LAMB- According to Exodus 12:5-6, the Passover lamb was to be a male lamb of the first year (over 1 year old, but not yet two years old). Yahshua fulfilled every aspect of the Passover Lamb sacrifice, including its age. He was not 1 year old when He died as our Passover Lamb, however, He spiritually took on the role of the Passover Lamb at His Baptism, from the moment John the Baptist pronounced, "Behold the Lamb of God which taketh away the sin of the world." From that point to the end of His Work as Heaven's Lamb, was exactly 490 days, (over 1 year, but not yet two years). In this way, He fulfilled the age requirement for the Passover Lamb. Since Yahshua was baptized in 27 AD, the age of the Passover Lamb puts His Death in 28 AD... serving as another confirmation that 27-28 AD was the Jubilee.
- EVIDENCE \#5: EARLY CHRISTIAN HISTORICAL WRITINGS- The early Christians in the $1^{\text {st }}$ to $3^{\text {rd }}$ Centuries AD believed and taught a 490 day ministry of Messiah, showing that He was baptized in 27 AD at 29 years old, and died at 30 . Irenaeus disagreed with this because it made Messiah die too young - having not attained the age of a Masonic "Master". But even the writings of Irenaeus show that John the disciple and the other early Christians all believed in and taught the Acceptable year of the Yahweh, being 27-28AD.

With these five evidences we may know that 27-28 AD was a Jubilee year! And with that date firmly confirmed, we are now ready to use it as a calculation point for finding future Jubilees.

Continually adding 50 years to the starting point of 27-28 AD reveals all the Jubilee years which have come since then. And most significant of all, it shows that the next Jubilee year will begin in 2027-2028 AD AD. Use the following table to calculate the future Jubilees from Messiah's Death:

| $\begin{gathered} 27-28 \\ \text { AD } \end{gathered}$ | +50 | 77-78 | +50 | 127-128 | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 177-178 \\ & \hline \text { AD } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | +50 | ${ }_{\text {AD }}^{227-228}$ | +50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 277-278 \\ A D \end{array}$ | +50 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 327-328 \\ & A D \end{aligned}\right.$ | +50 | ${ }_{A D}^{377-378}$ | +50 | $\underset{A D}{427-428}$ | +50 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 477-478 \\ \text { AD } \end{array}$ | +50 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 527-528 \\ & \mathrm{AD} \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 577- \\ & 588 \mathrm{AD} \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 627-628 } \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 677-678 \\ & A D \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 727-728 \\ \text { AD } \end{array}$ | +50 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 777- \\ 7788 \\ \text { AD } \end{array}$ | +50 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 827-828 \\ \mathrm{AD} \end{array}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 877-878 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AD } \\ & \hline 27-928 \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 977-978 \\ \text { AD } \end{array}$ | +50 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 1027- \\ 1028 \\ \text { AD } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1077- \\ & 1078 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1127- \\ & 1128 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1177- \\ & 1178 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1227- } \\ & 1228 \\ & \text { AD } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | +50 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1277- \\ & 1278 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1327- \\ & 1328 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1377- \\ & 1378 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1427- \\ & 1428 \\ & A D \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1477- \\ & 1478 \\ & \Delta D \end{aligned}$ | +50 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1527- \\ & 1528 \\ & A D \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1577- \\ & 1578 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1627- \\ & 1628 \mathrm{AD} \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1677- \\ & 1678 \\ & \text { AD } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1727-1 \\ & 1728 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1777-1 \\ & 17788 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1827- \\ & 1828 \mathrm{AD} \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1877- \\ & 1878 \\ & A D \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1927- \\ & 1928 \\ & \mathrm{AD} \end{aligned}$ | +50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1977- \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | +50 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2027- \\ & 2028 \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 120 Jubilees in Total:

Scripture tells us that God's Spirit would only strive with fallen man for 120 days Genesis 6:3.

- Many are quick to assume that this is the time Yahweh gave the people of Noah's day to clean up their act and be saved. However, the Scripture record shows many cases of people living well beyond 120 years after the

Flood. This then leaves us with a question to what was the Creator was referring?

- First, let's dispel some erroneously held beliefs. Noah did not preach for 120 years as many teach and falsely assume. We first find that Noah 500 when he had his three sons.
- Genesis 5:32 reads "And Noah was five hundred years old: and Noah begat Shem, Ham, and Japheth."
- Immediately after we have the Chapter 6 account of Yahweh declaring the 120 year deadline and ordering Noah to build the ark.
- Following the Biblical record, Noah was 500 $\qquad$ years old when he began building the ark if you follow the natural progression of the Genesis account.
- How old was Noah at the Flood?
- Genesis 7:6 reads "And Noah was six hundred years old when the flood of waters was upon the earth."
- Following the natural progression of events, Noah begins to build the ark at 500 years of age and enters the ark at 600 $\qquad$ . This only gives us a total of 100 years.

What does "days" mean from Genesis 6:3: It can be literally a 24 hour day, the warm hours of daylight, or it can be figurative in which the "days" are defined by "associated terms" - and it can be translated to mean "ages" - (Example: "one day with Yahweh is as 1000 years"... and Jubilee cycles is another example of "ages")

Are there examples in Scripture where a "day" means an "age" or a longer period of time? Yes!

One classic example is the warning to Adam in the Garden of Eden.

- Genesis 2:17 reads "But of the tree of the knowledge of good and evil, thou shalt not eat of it: for in the day that thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die."
- Did Adam die in the literal 24 hour period (day) from when he ate from the forbidden Tree? No! How old was Adam when he died (Genesis 5:5): 930 years old . So how did Adam die in the DAY that he ate from the Tree? (2 Peter 3:8) $\frac{\text { He died in the first } 1000 \text { years, with } 1000 \text { years }}{\text { being a figurative "day" or age. }}$ being a figurative "day" or age.

So Genesis 6:3 cannot be referring to literal days, thus we see that only 120 ages applies. So, I God planning to allow sin to continue for 120,000 years? (With days being 1000 years). Or is there another "age" to be more correctly applied here?

Actually, the 120 in Genesis 6:3 applies to Jubilee cycles . This
means that we should expect $\qquad$ 120 Jubilees from the Fall of Adam to the final Jubilee.

The Creation Week is a shadow picture of the History of this world. Just as the Creation week ended with the Seventh-day Sabbath, so the World will End at the conclusion of the final Sabbatical, bringing us in to the final Jubilee (Sabbaticals begin and end on Atonement, as do Jubilees).

- This whole world has existed for exactly 1 Figurative Week period, as God foretold in 2 Peter 3:8.

Creation happened in the first day of this 1000 year week. Both Daniel 9 and Habbakkuk 3:2 foretells that Messiah would die in the middle of the week or in the middle of the years.

Yahshua did literally die on a Wednesday, which is the literal middle point of the week. But He also died in the middle of the "Week" in terms of thousand year periods.

Based upon Ussher's chronology (calculated based upon the Biblical genealogies) Creation took place in 4004 BC. Thus, 27-28 AD fell on the $4^{\text {th }}$ day - or in the $4000^{\text {th }}$ year since Creation.

Hosea 6:1-2 foretold that Yahshua would die, and then He would heal us and revive us two days after His death. We weren't literally revived two days later. But in terms of thousand years, the Jubilee of 2027-2028 is exactly two days from 2728 AD!

Complete the following table to see the Figurative/Prophetic Week of Earth's History, since the Fall:

THE GREAT WEEK (Figurative Time)

| Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 | Day 6 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The 120 Jubilees matches the Great Week

- Creation scientists teach that the world has existed, since Creation, for about 6000 years.

| 50 | x 120 | 6000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (The Jubilee Years) <br> - 6000 | (Total Number of Jubilees) $\text { years }=120 \quad \text { Jubilees }$ | (Years) |
| - 120th Jubilee | year $=\underline{\text { The Return of Messiah }}$ (Millen |  |

## Significant Jubilee Groupings:

| - | 40 | Jubilees - Adam to Abraham |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 40 | Jubilees - Abraham to Yahshua |
|  | 40 | Jubilees - Yahshua to the End |
| 40 | + 40 | $\ldots+\underline{40}=\underline{120}$ total Jubilees |

Paul grouped Jubilees into Spiritual Eras. The first Spiritual Era, found in Romans 5:12-14 was called the "_ Reign of Sin and _of Death", which lasted from Adam to Moses

Then, in Romans 5:17-21, he referred to the second Spiritual Era, which he called the "Reign of Grace through Righteousness unto Eternal Life", which started with Moses $\qquad$ and went to the End


The Base (Longest) of the Final Timelines is the Sabbatical/Jubilee Cycle
There are two starts of the year, given by Yahweh:
The Biblical year begins in the Spring $\qquad$ . This start of the year is used for calculating annual Sabbaths and holy Days - Exodus 12:2
The Civil year begins in the Fall . This start of the year is used for calculating Sabbatical years and Jubilees - Leviticus 25:9

## Table of the Final 7 Years - the Final Sabbatical Cycle

| Year: <br> $1 / 43$ rd | Year: <br> $2 / 44 \mathrm{th}$ | Year: <br> $3 / 45 \mathrm{th}$ | Year: <br> $4 / 46$ th | Year: <br> $5 / 47 \mathrm{th}$ | Year: <br> $6 / 48 \mathrm{th}$ | Year: <br> $7 / 49 \mathrm{th}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F | S | F | S | F | S | F | S | F | S | F | S | F | S |
| 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Year: } \\ 8 / 50 \text { th } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year: } \\ & \text { 1/1st } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F | S | F | S |
| 2027 | 2028 |  |  |
| Year 50 |  | Year 1 |  |

So the next Jubilee is beginning on the Day of Atonement in 2027 which is the 120th Jubilee!

